WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2023 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

Senate Bill 11

By Senators Grady, Roberts, Phillips, Tarr, Woodrum,
Maynard, Rucker, Taylor, Martin, Karnes, and Smith

[Introduced January 11, 2023; referred
to the Committee on the Judiciary]

Intr SB 11 2023R1602

A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated §35-1A-1, §35-1A-2, and §35-1A-3, all relating to forbidding excessive government limitations on exercise on religion; providing definitions; forbidding government to treat religious conduct more restrictively than any conduct of reasonably comparable risk; forbidding government to treat religious conduct more restrictively than comparable conduct because of alleged economic need or benefit; ensuring that, in all cases where state action is alleged to substantially burden the exercise of religion, that a compelling interest test is mandated, and strict scrutiny is applied; providing remedies; and addressing applicability, construction, and severability.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 1A. GOVERNMENT LIMITATIONS ON EXERCISE OF RELIGION. §35-1A-1. Definitions.

As used in this article:

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"Exercise of religion" means the sincere practice or observance of religion under the rights
 enumerated in section 15 of article III of the Constitution of the State of West Virginia; and the 1st

4 Amendment to the Constitution of the United States of America.

"State action" means action by a branch, department, agency, board, commission, instrumentality, official, or any other person acting under color of law, of the State of West Virginia, or any political subdivision thereof.

§35-1A-2. Remedy for excessive government limitations related to the exercise of religion; judicial standard.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no state agency, political subdivision, or any elected or appointed official or employee of this state or its political subdivisions may:
- (1) Substantially burden a person's exercise of religion unless applying the burden to that
 person's exercise of religion in a particular situation is:
 - (A) Essential to further a compelling governmental interest;

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6	(B) Is the least restrictive means of furthering that compelling government interest; nor
7	(C) Treat religious conduct more restrictively than any conduct of reasonably comparable
8	risk; nor
9	(D) Treat religious conduct more restrictively than comparable conduct because of alleged
0	economic need or benefit.
11	(b) (1) A person whose exercise of religion has been substantially burdened, or is likely to
2	be substantially burdened, in violation of this article may assert such violation or impending
13	violation against the state or its political subdivisions as a claim for injunctive or declaratory relief
14	or as a defense in any judicial or administrative proceeding: Provided, That such relief is limited to
15	injunctive or declaratory relief and reimbursement of costs and reasonable attorney fees.
16	(2) Nothing in this article shall be construed to create a cause of action by an employee
17	against a nongovernmental employer; nor shall anything in this article be construed to constitute a
8	defense to any claim based upon a refusal to provide emergency medical services.
	§35-1A-3. Applicability; severability.
1	(a) This article applies to all state and local laws, and the implementation of those laws,
2	whether statutory or otherwise, and whether adopted before or after the effective date of this
3	article. This article does not apply to any local or regional jail, or any state or federal correctional
4	facility, nor any facility that treats civilly committed sexually violent offenders.
5	(b) If any subsection or portion of this article is declared invalid, that declaration does not
6	affect the validity of the remaining portions.